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MISCELLANEA.

FLAX AND HEMP.

[Communicated by J. B. SHARP, ESQ.]

An Account of FLAX Imported into the United Kingdom, from 1801 to 1853, distinguishing the Quantities received from the Russian Empire from those received from all other Parts; stated in Five Decennial Periods, terminating respectively in 1810, 1820, 1830, 1840, and 1850, and in the Three Years 1851 to 1853.

Years.	From Russia.	From other Parts.	From all Parts.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
1801 to 1810	2,942,357	773,004	3,715,361
1811 „ 1820	2,886,027	684,993	3,571,020
1821 „ 1830	5,426,498	2,371,889	7,798,387
1831 „ 1840	7,453,994	3,780,301	11,234,295
1841 „ 1850	9,975,612	4,248,390	14,224,002
1851 „ 1853	3,063,410	1,441,965	4,505,375
Total quantities im- ported in 53 years ...}	31,747,898	13,300,542	45,048,440
The above quantities reduced to tons.... = }	Tons. 1,587,395	Tons. 665,027	Tons. 2,252,422

A similar Account for HEMP.

Years.	From Russia.	From other Parts.	From all Parts.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
1801 to 1810	6,521,235	468,694	6,989,929
1811 „ 1820	5,323,717	284,210	5,607,927
1821 „ 1830	4,859,096	295,868	5,154,964
1831 „ 1840	5,773,150	1,009,853	6,783,003
1841 „ 1850	5,618,473	2,851,181	8,469,654
1851 „ 1853	2,008,108	1,572,229	3,580,337
Total quantities im- ported in 53 years....}	30,103,779	6,482,035	36,585,814
The above quantities reduced to tons.... = }	Tons. 1,505,189	Tons. 324,102	Tons. 1,829,291

Quantities of Flax and Hemp received from, and Amount paid to, Russia, in Fifty-three Years.

	Tons.	Average Value.	Amount.
		£	£
Flax	1,587,395	40	63,495,800
Hemp	1,505,189	35	52,681,615
Totals	3,092,584	....	116,177,415

**THE MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS,
REGISTERED IN THE DIVISIONS, COUNTIES, AND DISTRICTS OF ENGLAND.**

*The Marriages for the Quarter ended December, 1853, and the Births and
Deaths for the Quarter ended March, 1854,*

AS PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL.

This return comprises the births and deaths registered by 2,191 registrars in all the districts of England during the Winter quarter ended March 31st, 1854; and the marriages in 12,039 churches or chapels, about 3,479 registered places of worship unconnected with the Established Church, and 625 superintendent registrars' offices, in the quarter that ended December 31st, 1853.

The return of marriages is not complete; but the defects are inconsiderable, and approximative numbers have been supplied from the records of previous years.

The general aspect of the return is favourable. The marriages in the last quarter of 1853 not only greatly exceeded the mean proportion, but the maximum of the previous years. In the quarter that ended on March 31st, 1854, the births exceeded the average; and the public health of the country was such that the mortality was considerably below the average of the last ten years. The improvement is chiefly in the country districts, as in the towns the deaths rather increased in proportion to the population, and are still, out of the same population, one-third part more numerous than the deaths in the surrounding country.

MARRIAGES.—The number of marriages continues to exceed the average: 97,772 persons were married in the quarter ended December 31st, 1853,—a greater number than has been recorded in any corresponding period since the Registration Act came into force in 1837, and 3,356 in excess of the 94,416 persons who were married in the same period of 1852. On an average of December quarters of the ten years 1844-53, the proportion of marriages to every 100,000 persons living was 999; in the same quarter of 1853 the proportion was 1,075. In the following counties the increase in the number of marriages is most perceptible:—Sussex, Hampshire, Bedfordshire, Essex, Suffolk, Norfolk, Wiltshire, Cornwall, Gloucestershire, Shropshire, Staffordshire—where the marriages in the December quarter of the last five years

Marriages, Births, and Deaths, returned in the Years 1842-54 and in the Quarters of those Years.

YEARS.....	1842	1843	1844	1845	1846	1847	1848	1849	1850	1851*	1852	1853	1854
Marriages	118825	123818	132249	143743	145664	135845	138230	141883	152744	154206	158439	164021	...
Births	517739	527325	540763	548521	572625	539965	563059	578159	593422	615865	624171	612341	...
Deaths	349519	346445	356933	349366	390315	423304	399833	440839	368995	395174	407938	421775	...
MARRIAGES.													
Quarters ended the last day of													
March	25860	25285	26387	29551	31417	27480	28398	28429	30567	32724	32933	35014	...
June	30048	31113	34268	35300	37111	35197	34721	35844	39204	38635	40007	40335	...
September	27288	28847	31675	35003	35070	32439	32995	33874	37636	37316	38291	39786	...
December	35629	38573	39919	43889	42066	40729	42116	43736	45337	45531	47208	48886	...
BIRTHS.													
March	135615	136837	143578	143080	145108	146453	139736	153772	144551	157286	161776	161598	160892
June	134096	131279	136941	136853	149450	139072	149780	153693	155865	159073	159136	158718	...
September	133296	128161	130078	132369	138718	127173	140559	135223	146911	150594	161193	147561	...
December	124732	131048	130166	131219	139349	127267	133204	135471	146095	148912	152066	144444	...
DEATHS.													
March	96314	94926	101024	104664	89484	119673	120032	105870	98430	105306	106682	118241	111970
June	86538	87234	85337	89149	90231	106718	99727	102153	92871	99468	100813	107861	...
September	82339	76792	79708	74872	101663	93435	87638	135227	85849	91381	100497	92332	...
December	84328	87493	90864	80681	108937	103479	92436	97589	91845	99019	99946	103341	...

* The numbers up to 1851 have appeared in the Annual Reports.

have been 1,743, 1,770, 1,782, 1,892, and 2,208 respectively—Worcestershire, Lincolnshire, Derbyshire, the three Ridings of Yorkshire, Durham, Northumberland, Westmorland, Monmouthshire, and South Wales. An increase is apparent in most of the large towns in the coal and iron districts of the Midland and Northern Counties, but many of the chief seats of textile manufactures exhibit a decrease: marriages fell off in Nottingham, Stockport, Great Boughton (Chester), Wigan, Bolton, Bury, Manchester, Burnley, Preston,—in which town the marriages declined from 333 to 258—and in Halifax.

BIRTHS.—160,892 births were registered in the first quarter of the year 1854, being a decrease of 706 as compared with the 161,598 births registered in the corresponding period of 1853. In addition to London the only counties in which an increase in the number of births appears are Surrey, Gloucestershire, Shropshire, Staffordshire, Worcestershire, Warwickshire, Leicestershire, Nottinghamshire, Cheshire, Lancashire, Durham, and South Wales.

INCREASE OF POPULATION.—The births that were registered in the quarter amounted to 160,892, the deaths to 111,970, leaving in the population an excess of 48,922 persons, which is increased on the one hand by the immigration of the Irish or Scotch, and diminished by the emigration of the English. The number of emigrants from the ports of England at which there are Government Emigration Officers was 46,619 in the same time; and the emigrants from all the ports of the United Kingdom were 48,565.

Hitherto the number of emigrants from the United Kingdom has been published in such a manner that it has been impossible to say how many were natives of

England†:—Annual Rate, per cent., of Marriage, Birth, and Death, during the Years 1844-54, and the Quarters of those Years.

Estimated Population of England in thousands in the middle of each Year.....	16516	16716	16919	17124	17331	17541	17754	17977	18195	18195	...	18195
YEARS	1844	1845	1846	1847	1848	1849	1850	1851	1852	1853	Mean, 1844-53	1854
Marriages.....	·801	·860	·861	·793	·798	·809	·860	·858	·881	·912	·843	...
Births	3·274	3·251	3·385	3·153	3·249	3·296	3·343	3·426	3·472	3·406	3·326	...
Deaths	2·161	2·090	2·307	2·472	2·307	2·513	2·078	2·198	2·269	2·346	2·274	...
MARRIAGES.												
Quarters ended the last day of												
March	·644	·721	·757	·655	·661	·661	·702	·742	·730	·776	·705	...
June	·834	·849	·882	·826	·805	·822	·888	·864	·883	·891	·854	...
September	·760	·830	·822	·751	·755	·766	·840	·823	·834	·867	·805	...
December.....	·955	1·038	·983	·940	·961	·986	1·010	1·001	1·038	1·075	·999	...
BIRTHS.												
March	3·507	3·491	3·498	3·488	3·252	3·575	3·321	3·567	3·585	3·581	3·487	3·565
June	3·334	3·291	3·551	3·265	3·474	3·523	3·530	3·557	3·516	3·507	3·455	...
September	3·123	3·140	3·251	2·945	3·211	3·056	3·281	3·321	3·294	3·215	3·184	...
December.....	3·115	3·103	3·256	2·938	3·038	3·053	3·253	3·274	3·343	3·176	3·155	...
DEATHS.												
March	2·467	2·554	2·157	2·850	2·794	2·462	2·261	2·388	2·364	2·620	2·492	2·481
June	2·077	2·144	2·144	2·506	2·313	2·341	2·107	2·224	2·227	2·383	2·247	...
September	1·913	1·776	2·382	2·163	2·005	3·057	1·917	2·017	2·190	2·012	2·143	...
December.....	2·175	1·908	2·545	2·389	2·108	2·199	2·045	2·177	2·197	2·272	2·202	...

† The table may be read thus, without reference to the decimal points:—In the year 1848, to 100,000 of the population of England there were 798 marriages, 3,249 births, and 2,307 deaths registered. The annual rates of marriage in each of the four quarters were ·661, ·805, ·755, and ·961 per cent.; the rates of death 2·794, 2·313, 2·005, and 2·108 per cent. In reading the population on the first line add three ciphers (000). The three months January, February, March, contain 90, in leap year 91 days; the three months April, May, June, 91 days; each of the two last quarters of the year 92 days. For this inequality a correction has been made in the calculation.

England. In consequence of an instruction from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Duke of Newcastle, the information that has been registered for some time, in conformity with the Act of Parliament, has been abstracted, and the Registrar-General is thus enabled to publish the information that he has for several years been endeavouring to obtain; for the Emigration Commissioners have supplied him with returns showing that in 1853 the emigrants from the United Kingdom amounted to 329,937, of whom it was ascertained that 128,787 were adult males, 109,145 were adult females, 67,634 were children of one and under fourteen years of age, and 10,192 were infants. In 14,179 instances no information was obtained.

In 20,349 instances the native country was not stated; of the 309,588 persons remaining, 192,609 were natives of Ireland, 22,605 of Scotland, and 62,915 were natives of England,—so that of a hundred 21 (nearly) of the emigrants were English, 7 Scotch, 62 Irish, and 10 foreigners; or, of 100 emigrants, natives of the United Kingdom, 23 were English, 8 Scotch, and 69 Irish.

The Average Prices of Consols, of Wheat, Meat, and Potatoes, also the Average Quantity of Wheat sold and imported Weekly, in each of the nine Quarters ended March 31st, 1854.

Quarters ended	Average Price of Consols (for Money.)	Average Price of Wheat per Quarter in England and Wales.	Wheat sold in the 290 Cities and Towns in England and Wales making Returns.	Wheat and Wheat Flour entered for Home Consumption at Chief Ports of Great Britain.	Average Prices of Meat per lb. at Leadenhall and Newgate Markets (by the Carcase).		Average Prices of Potatoes (York Regents) per Ton at Waterside Market, Southwark.
					Average Number of Quarters weekly.	Beef.		Mutton.
1852	£						
Mar. 31.	97½	40s. 10d.	95,532	27,540	3½d.—5d. Mean 4½d.	3¾d.—5¾d. Mean 4¾d.	60s.—80s. Mean 70s.
June 30.	99½	40s. 10d.	87,949	54,675	3½d.—4¾d. Mean 4d.	3¾d.—5½d. Mean 4½d.	85s.—110s. Mean 97s. 6d.
Sept. 30.	100	41s. 2d.	78,712	67,912	3½d.—5d. Mean 4½d.	4d.—6d. Mean 5d.	80s.—100s. Mean 90s.
Dec. 31.	100½	40s. 5d.	111,224	72,870	3d.—5d. Mean 4d.	4½d.—6½d. Mean 5½d.	90s.—120s. Mean 105s.
1853							
Mar. 31.	99½	45s. 7d.	95,115	63,530	3¾d.—5½d. Mean 4½d.	4¾d.—6¾d. Mean 5½d.	110s.—145s. Mean 127s. 6d.
June 30.	100½	44s. 6d.	84,559	82,623	4d.—5¾d. Mean 4¾d.	5d.—6¾d. Mean 5¾d.	110s.—145s. Mean 127s. 6d.
Sept. 30.	97	51s. 10d.	86,087	120,020	4½d.—6d. Mean 5½d.	5d.—7½d. Mean 6½d.	110s.—125s. Mean 117s. 6d.
Dec. 31.	93½	69s. 10d.	79,002	91,627	4d.—6d. Mean 5d.	4½d.—7d. Mean 5¾d.	135s.—165s. Mean 150s.
1854							
Mar. 31.	91	79s. 6d.	60,022	103,519	4½d.—6½d. Mean 5½d.	4½d.—7d. Mean 5¾d.	120s.—160s. Mean 140s.

Note.—The total number of quarters of wheat sold in England and Wales for the 13 weeks ended March 31st, 1852, was 1,241,921; for the 13 weeks ended June 30th, 1,143,339; for the 13 weeks ended September 30th, 1,023,251; for the 13 weeks ended December 31st, 1,445,906; for the 13 weeks ended March 31st, 1853, 1,236,493; for the 13 weeks ended June 30th, 1853, 1,099,261; for the 13 weeks ended September 30th, 1853, 1,119,128; for the 14 weeks ended December 31st, 1853, 1,106,027; and for the 13 weeks ended March 31st, 1854, 780,282. The total number of quarters entered for Home Consumption was, respectively, 358,024; 710,780; 882,850; 947,310; 825,886; 1,074,095; 1,560,255; 1,191,149 (13 weeks); and 1,345,743.

The births in England and Wales in the year 1853 were 612,341, the deaths 421,775, leaving an excess of 190,566 in the population, which is reduced to 127,651 by the subtraction of the emigrants. As a set-off against the emigrants there is a number of Irish and Scotch immigrants into England, which the census returns show amount to many thousands annually. The population of England is therefore still increasing, but at a less rapid rate than it increased formerly.

PRICES OF PROVISIONS.—The rise in the prices of the chief articles of food which was noticed in the summer and autumn quarters of 1853 has continued during the first three months of the year 1854. The average price of wheat in England and Wales was 45*s.* 7*d.* per quarter in the three first months of 1853; in the same period of the present year the price has averaged 79*s.* 6*d.* per quarter, being an increase of 75 per cent. The average weekly quantity sold in the cities and towns which make returns was 95,115 quarters, representing an expenditure of about 216,767*l.* weekly in the quarter ended March 31st, 1853, while in the same period of the present year 60,022 quarters have been sold for about 238,587*l.* Meat has been somewhat dearer, and potatoes, which averaged 127*s.* 6*d.* per ton at Waterside Market, Southwark, in the quarter ended March 31st, 1853, rose to 140*s.* in the same period of the present year, being an increase of 10 per cent. Meanwhile the country has been in a prosperous state, and, notwithstanding that “strikes” have prevailed in some places, the working class on the whole have been apparently well employed at good wages.

STATE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH.—The returns from all England and Wales for the first quarter of this year record the deaths of 111,970 persons. The general result is, that while on an average of ten winter quarters 2,492 persons died annually out of 100 living, in the last quarter the proportion was 2,481. The people were subject to rather less than the ordinary rate of mortality, and although many suffered fatally from severe weather near the commencement of the quarter, and sudden changes during its course, the class of diseases that prevail among children appears to have been more subdued.

Deaths in the Winter Quarters.

	1844	1845	1846	1847	1848	1849	1850	1851	1852	1853	Total 1844-53	1854
In 117 Districts, comprising the chief towns.....	46136	49996	43850	56105	57710	51017	46066	52333	52408	57092	512713	56300
In 507 Districts, comprising chiefly small towns and country parishes.....	54888	54668	45634	63567	62322	54853	52364	52973	54274	61149	556692	55670
Total.....	101024	104664	89484	119672	120032	105870	98430	105306	106682	118241	1069405	111970

Population, Deaths, and Mortality per cent. in the Winter Quarters, 1844-54.

	Population Enumerated.		Deaths in 10 Winter Quarters, 1844-53.	Annual Rate of Mortality of 10 Winter Quarters, 1844-53.	Annual Rate of Mortality in the Winter Quarter 1854.
	June 6-7th, 1841.	March 31st, 1851.			
In 117 Districts, comprising the chief towns.....	6,612,958	7,795,882	512,713	2,833	2,847
In 507 Districts, comprising chiefly small towns and country parishes.....	9,301,190	10,126,886	556,692	2,284	2,183
All England.....	15,914,148	17,922,768	1,069,405	2,492	2,481

MORTALITY OF THE METROPOLIS.

A Table of the Deaths in London from all Causes, Registered in the March Quarters of the Four Years, 1851-54.

CAUSES OF DEATH.	Quarters ended Mar.,				CAUSES OF DEATH.	Quarters ended Mar.,			
	1851	1852	1853	1854		1851	1852	1853	1854
ALL CAUSES	15,410	14,481	15,864	16,534	III. Scrofula	87	131	96	113
SPECIFIED CAUSES	15,323	14,399	15,718	16,382	Tubercle Mesenterica	175	198	185	261
I. Zymotic Diseases	2,909	2,702	2,801	3,254	Phthisis or Con- sumption	1,792	1,811	1,872	1,809
Sporadic Diseases:					Hydrocephalus	418	448	433	430
II. Dropsy, Cancer, and other Diseases of uncertain or vari- able Seat	631	605	640	705	IV. Cephalitis	138	160	140	173
III. Tubercular Diseases	2,472	2,588	2,586	2,672	Apoplexy	314	296	300	308
IV. Diseases of the Brain, Spinal Marrow, Nerves, and Senses	1,634	1,625	1,805	1,900	Paralysis	280	316	326	368
V. Diseases of the Heart and Blood Vessels	605	665	643	661	Delirium Tremens	30	24	42	34
VI. Diseases of the Lungs and of the other Organs of Respi- ration	3,522	2,840	3,585	3,366	Chorea	9	8	2	2
VII. Diseases of the Sto- mach, Liver, and other Organs of Digestion	815	819	821	889	Epilepsy	82	82	110	94
VIII. Diseases of the Kid- neys, &c.	156	194	188	196	Tetanus	7	6	2	5
IX. Childbirth, Diseases of the Uterus, &c.	100	112	118	131	Insanity	82	28	30	28
X. Rheumatism, Dis- eases of the Bones, Joints, &c.	100	110	122	107	Convulsions	572	551	617	592
XI. Diseases of the Skin, Cellular Tissue, &c.	22	40	42	50	Disease of Brain, &c.	177	154	176	201
XII. Malformations	42	50	53	63	Pleurisy	47	33	28	37
XIII. Premature Birth and Debility	300	301	405	512	Aneurism	20	19	23	22
XIV. Atrophy	283	300	386	404	Disease of Heart, &c.	593	603	592	602
XV. Age	688	676	781	875	Laryngitis	73	67	107	107
XVI. Sudden*	218	157	190	191	Bronchitis	1,612	1,422	1,880	1,601
XVII. Violence, Privation, Cold, and Intem- perance	573	565	576	586	Pneumonia	71	39	49	40
I. Small Pox	275	380	62	123	Asthma	1,244	908	1,083	1,118
Measles	303	151	184	344	Disease of Lungs, &c.	383	266	337	291
Scarlatina	200	306	574	417	Teething	194	178	175	219
Hooping Cough	781	539	702	941	Quinsey	18	8	23	16
Croup	109	97	93	145	Gastritis	18	19	17	17
Thrush	84	34	26	41	Enteritis	87	83	70	79
Diarrhoea	223	225	221	308	Peritonitis	54	65	74	68
Dysentery	80	23	23	40	Ascites	33	32	38	83
Cholera	7	13	7	7	Ulceration of Intes- tines, &c.	27	84	34	42
Influenza	205	40	51	27	Hernia	40	46	43	45
Purpura and Scurvy	9	10	15	11	Leuæ	30	27	30	46
Ague	3	3	7	3	Intussusception	9	10	14	16
Remittent Fever	32	25	23	36	Stricture (of the In- testinal Canal)	9	10	7	6
Infantile Fever	18	14	15	16	Disease of Stomach, &c.	64	84	76	78
Typhus	521	527	602	582	Disease of Pancreas	3	4	2	1
Metria, or Puerperal Fever, see Child- birth	47	62	44	42	Hepatitis	55	39	47	45
Rheumatic Fever, see Rheumatism	10	18	18	20	Jaundice	40	42	40	30
Erysipelas	81	120	86	96	Disease of Liver	131	183	147	159
Syphilis	32	30	42	46	Disease of Spleen	3	4	2	2
Noma or Canker, see Mortification	4	1	5	7	Nephritis	9	7	11	13
Hydrophobia	45	63	46	50	Nephria (or Bright's Disease)	40	46	54	56
II. Hemorrhage	45	63	46	50	Ischuria	5	3	2	3
Dropsy	231	290	286	224	Diabetes	19	13	11	14
Abscess	24	17	32	38	Stone	4	5	11	10
Ulcer	21	12	16	27	Cystitis	12	14	5	7
Fistula	7	3	6	10	Stricture of Urethra	12	13	13	14
Mortification	56	44	46	55	Disease of Kidneys, &c.	65	93	81	80
Cancer	236	251	245	251	Paramenia	3	3	2	1
Gout	11	15	15	20	Ovarian Dropsy	8	12	10	17
					Childbirth, see Metria	65	62	68	77
					Disease of Uterus, &c.	30	35	38	36
					X. Arthritis	8	8	5	4
					Rheumatism	60	60	69	64
					Disease of Joints, &c.	46	42	48	39
					XI. Carbuncle	3	17	20	25
					Phlegmon	5	9	10	10
					Disease of Skin, &c.	14	14	12	9
					Intemperance	23	10	22	20
					Privation	13	12	10	12
					Want of Breast Milk, see Privation and Atrophy	56	64	56	76
					Neglect	1	...	2	1
					Cold, see Privation	4	4	5	10
					Poison	29	23	24	17
					Burns and Scalds	100	88	98	133
					Hanging, &c.	71	76	72	69
					Drowning	70	72	68	56
					Fractures and Con- tusions	163	161	151	141
					Wounds	84	85	25	24
					Other Violence	9	11	13	13
					Causes not specified	87	82	140	153

NOTE.—The first 13 weeks of 1854, constituting the March quarter in the Weekly Tables of Mortality, ended April 1st, in which 16,534 deaths were registered. In the quarter ended March 31st 16,334 deaths were registered.

* Under the head of sudden deaths are classed not only deaths described as sudden, of which the cause has not been ascertained or stated; but also all deaths returned by the coroner in vague terms, such as "found dead," "natural causes," &c., &c.

On the Meteorology of England and Scotland during the Quarter ended March 31st, 1854. By JAMES GLAISHER, ESQ., F.R.S., *Sec. of the British Meteorological Society.*

The weather during the past quarter has been very remarkable in many respects. The cold, which set in on November 9th, continued with great severity till January 6th, and a heavier fall of snow occurred on January 3rd over the greater part of England than has taken place for many years. On December 29th the reading of the barometer began to decrease rapidly, and continued so till January 1st, but not in an equal degree at all places. The diminution was much greater in Jersey, Guernsey, the Isle of Wight, Cornwall, and Devonshire than elsewhere. From the 2nd to the 3rd the readings still decreased at the above places, extending to the extreme south coast of England, and increased at all places north of the latitude of 51° . From the 3rd to the 4th the readings decreased, but to a greater extent at southern than at northern stations. After this time the readings turned to increase in the south, whilst they decreased in the north. It is of rare occurrence for the atmospheric pressure to vary so greatly in its distribution over places so little separated. The reading was very low at all places, and the length of time during which these low readings prevailed was very remarkable.

Respecting the variations of temperature during those days, it is worthy of remark that those stations where the reading of the barometer continuously fell, were subjected to very little variation of temperature, whilst those where it increased and decreased were subjected to great changes and to low temperatures. Although the weather was cold, it was not eminently so till beyond some distance from the south coast of England, and the extreme severity of the 3rd was not at all felt south of the parallel of Uckfield, with perhaps the exception of Brighton. On the night of the 2nd the temperature between the parallels of 51° and 54° decreased to a very low point, but did not do so beyond those parallels either north or south. About London and its vicinity it fell early in the morning of the 3rd to 13° , 12° , 11° , and 10° . It had reached these low points at one o'clock in the morning, and did not rise above them till after eight o'clock. It was most severely felt in the Midland counties, where the reading was as low as zero, and it was noted by Mr. Lowe at -4° . This was the lowest reading recorded by any one with trustworthy instruments. At Manchester it was as low as 3° , as noted by Mr. Vernon; but at places situated very near each other the points differed very considerably. It was at about the time of these low temperatures that the heavy fall of snow took place. The wind was from east at most places. A gale was blowing over Jersey and Guernsey; it was very squally and stormy all day at the Isle of Wight, and over Cornwall and Devonshire. At the same time a fog hung over the Midland Counties. The air was calm in the north in the morning, and a fresh wind rose in the afternoon. The fall of snow was greatest over those parallels of latitude which had been remarkable for prevalence of fog in November and of frequency of falls of snow in December. In parts of Cornwall there was little or no snow, and but comparatively little on the south coast, west of the Isle of Wight. In London and its vicinity it averaged on the level about 12 inches. On the Norfolk coast it fell to the depth of 18 inches. At Whitehaven scarcely an inch fell, whilst at Liverpool and other places in the same parallels the falls were from 6 to 10 and 14 inches. Towards the north the falls were less heavy; and at Allenheads, situated among the mountainous district of Northumberland, there was none. Heavy falls of snow had occurred previously, and at the time of the great and general fall it lay on the ground to the depth of several feet. The drifts averaged from 3 to 10, 12, and 15 feet, and were deepest at Derby, Grantham, and on the Norfolk coast. At the Isle of Man were drifts to the depth of 10 feet.

On January 1st and 2nd the average daily temperature was 10° below their averages, on the 3rd it was as much as 14° below, and till the 6th the average daily defect was 7° . On the 7th a period of warm weather set in, and continued till February 9th; the average daily excess of temperature was $4^{\circ}8$. From February 10th to the 19th the weather was cold; the average daily defect was $3^{\circ}1$; and from February 20th to the end of the quarter the average daily excess of mean temperature was $2^{\circ}7$.

The reading of the barometer has been remarkable during a great part of the quarter. On 1st January, at the level of the sea, it was 29.54 in.; it decreased by the 5th, when the lowest reading during the quarter took place, viz., 29.00 in. It

continued low for some days; was 30·34 in. on the 21st; decreased to 29·63 in. by the 24th; increased quickly to 30·63 in. by the 26th; decreased to 29·83 in. by the 29th; increased to 30·40 in. by 3rd February; decreased to 29·91 in. by the 5th; increased to 30·73 in. by the 14th; decreased to 29·48 in. by the 17th; attained a reading on 4th March higher than any since January, 1835, viz., 30·85 in.; decreased to 29·98 in. by the 13th; increased to 30·52 in. by the 17th; decreased to 30·04 in. by the 18th; increased to 30·59 in. by the 22nd; decreased to 29·96 in. by the 26th; and increased to 30·47 in. by the end of the quarter.

The mean reading for January was low; it was high in February and March. In a register from 1771 there is no instance of so high a reading in March; the nearest approach was in 1834, and there is no instance of so high a mean reading for the months of February and March in the period from 1771.

The fall of rain was about its average in January, and fell short of the average in February and March. The general deficiency for the quarter is 2 inches. The fall from November to the end of March was about 5½ inches, and is less than the fall in the same five months than any in the present century. The general direction of the wind till 28th January was S.E.; from then till 9th February it was S.W.; from 9th February to the 19th N.W.; and mostly S.W. from 20th February to the end of the quarter.

The mean temperature of the air at Greenwich for the quarter ended February, constituting the three winter months, was 37°·5, being 0°·1 below the average of eighty years.

Thunderstorms occurred, or thunder was heard and lightning seen, on the 20th January at Falmouth, Truro, and Exeter; on the 21st at Whitehaven; and on the 26th at Nottingham and Wakefield. On the 17th February at Manchester, and on the 18th at Clifton.

Thunder was heard, but lightning was not seen, on the 16th January at North Shields, and on the 20th at Clifton. On the 8th February at Grantham.

Lightning was seen, but thunder was not heard, on the 3rd January at Nottingham; on the 6th at Helston and Falmouth; on the 7th at Falmouth and Truro; on the 25th at Whitehaven; and on the 28th at Norwich. On the 7th February at the Isle of Man.

Hail fell on the 1st January at Helston; on the 2nd at Guernsey; on the 4th at Dunino and Arbroath; on the 5th at North Shields, Dunino, and Arbroath; on the 6th at Helston, North Shields, Dunino, and Arbroath; on the 7th and 8th at Guernsey; on the 9th at Guernsey, North Shields, Dunino, and Arbroath; on the 10th at Dunino and Arbroath; on the 15th at North Shields; on the 20th at Helston, Rose Hill, Oxford, Linsdale, and Hawarden; on the 26th at Grantham and Nottingham; and on the 28th at Stone, Hartwell House, Hartwell Rectory, Linslade, Grantham, and Hawarden. On the 4th February at Warrington; on the 6th at Hawarden; on the 7th at Linslade, Wakefield, Stonyhurst, Isle of Man, and Durham; on the 8th at Guernsey and Bedford; on the 9th at Stone, Hartwell House, Hartwell Rectory, Bedford, Hawarden, Gainsborough, Durham, and North Shields; on the 10th and 11th at Norwich; on the 15th at Guernsey; on the 17th at Guernsey, Exeter, Rose Hill, Bicester, Oxford, Linsdale, Bedford, Grantham, Hawarden, Liverpool, Manchester, Wakefield, Stonyhurst, Isle of Man, and Durham; on the 18th at Jersey, Guernsey, Helston, Truro, Torquay, Exeter, and Isle of Man; and on the 19th at North Shields. On the 15th March at Stonyhurst; on the 16th at Hawarden; on the 18th at Linsdale, Bedford, Hawarden, and North Shields; on the 19th at Truro, Lewisham, Greenwich, Oxford, Stone, and Hartwell Rectory; on the 26th at Linslade and Stonyhurst; and on the 30th at Hawarden and Dunino.

Snow fell on twenty-six days in January, sixteen in February, and on three in March.

Fog was prevalent on twenty-one days in January, twelve days in February, and fifteen days in March.

Auroræ were seen on seven days in January, twelve days in February, and on fifteen days in March. The magnets were disturbed on all these days.

Zodiacal light was seen on the 18th February at Nottingham; on the 23rd at Hartwell House; on the 25th at Stone; on the 26th at Stone and Hartwell House; and on the 28th at Hartwell House. On the 1st March at Nottingham.

Solar Halos were seen on nineteen days during the quarter.

Lunar Halos were seen on thirty-one days during the quarter.

Meteorological Table, Quarter ended March 31st, 1854.

NAMES OF THE PLACES.	Mean Pressure of Dry Air reduced to the Level of the Sea.	Mean Temperature of the Air.	Highest Reading of the Thermometer.	Lowest Reading of the Thermometer.	Mean Daily Range of Temperature.	Mean Monthly Range of Temperature.	Range of Temperature in the Quarter.	WIND.		Mean Amount of Cloud.	RAIN.		Mean Degree of Humidity.
								Mean estimated Strength.	General Direction.		Number of Days on which it fell.	Amount collected.	
Jersey.....	in. 29.937	° 43.2	° 55.0	° 30.0	° 7.5	° 20.7	° 25.0	° 1.4	S.W. & N.E.	4.9	36	in. 5.2	0.898
Falmouth.....	....	° 45.5	° 61.0	° 30.0	° 12.0	° 26.7	° 31.0	° 1.5	S.W. & W.	6.1	51	8.7	....
Turo.....	29.889	° 44.7	° 60.0	° 26.0	° 12.7	° 30.3	° 34.0	° 1.4	Var.	6.4	56	8.6	0.842
Torquay.....	....	° 43.6	° 57.0	° 29.0	° 9.0	° 24.0	° 28.0	° 2.8	S.W., W., & N.E.	....	36	5.0	0.819
Newport.....	29.932	° 42.0	° 64.6	° 23.1	° 12.9	° 32.8	° 41.5	° 2.5	W., S.W., & N.W.	5.9	31	5.1	0.847
Worthing.....	29.895	° 40.9	° 56.5	° 23.4	° 8.3	° 25.8	° 33.1	° 1.4	S.W. & N.W.	5.8	35	3.7	0.896
Southampton.....	29.875	° 41.7	° 60.5	° 24.0	° 13.5	° 31.4	° 36.5	° 0.1	....	6.7	....	....	0.886
Clifton.....	29.907	° 40.7	° 60.3	° 15.0	° 11.9	° 33.2	° 45.3	° 0.9	W., S.W., & N.W.	5.8	35	4.9	0.872
Royal Observatory.....	29.897	° 40.8	° 64.2	° 13.5	° 14.5	° 37.8	° 50.7	....	S.W. & N.W.	6.9	30	3.1	0.852
Oxford.....	29.907	° 40.8	° 60.8	° 12.4	° 12.9	° 36.8	° 48.4	° 1.5	S.W. & N.W.	6.6	35	3.4	0.831
Linslade.....	29.901	° 39.2	° 61.0	° 11.0	° 14.3	° 37.7	° 50.0	....	S.W. & N.W.	....	33	3.6	0.858
Royston.....	29.900	° 40.9	° 63.9	° 11.3	° 12.2	° 36.6	° 52.6	....	S.W., W., & N.W.	5.7	....	3.9	0.852
Bedford.....	29.852	° 41.5	° 64.0	° 12.0	° 12.4	° 37.8	° 52.0	° 1.0	Var.	.9	23	3.6	0.834
Norwich.....	....	° 39.6	° 62.0	° 11.0	° 12.8	° 38.7	° 51.0	....	S., S.W., & W.	....	34	2.4	....
Derby.....	....	° 39.9	° 62.0	° 4.0	° 13.2	° 39.3	° 58.0	....	N.W.	....	42	4.2	0.827
Holkham.....	29.852	° 39.7	° 61.6	° 4.0	° 12.4	° 39.9	° 57.6	° 1.5	S., W., & S.W.	5.5	37	4.5	0.865
Nottingham.....	29.920	° 40.0	° 64.3	° 4.0	° 15.7	° 43.8	° 68.3	° 0.4	S.W. & W.	6.4	34	4.2	0.835
Gainsborough.....	29.857	° 39.9	° 61.5	° 5.0	° 11.2	° 37.5	° 56.5	° 0.8	S., S.W., & N.W.	5.1	35	3.8	0.831
Warrington.....	29.835	° 40.7	° 58.3	° 5.7	° 10.7	° 36.4	° 52.6	° 0.6	S.W., W., & N.W.	5.8	46	6.1	0.882
Liverpool.....	29.865	° 42.1	° 56.7	° 20.1	° 7.9	° 26.1	° 36.6	° 1.2	N.W., S.E., & S.	7.2	37	3.9	0.842
Manchester.....	29.825	° 40.2	° 64.5	° 3.5	° 14.9	° 39.3	° 61.0	....	S.W., N.W., & W.	....	48	7.4	0.880
York.....	29.794	° 38.9	° 61.0	° 3.0	° 11.1	° 38.7	° 64.0	....	W. & S.E.	....	22	3.3	0.891
Durham.....	29.718	° 38.8	° 56.9	° 11.0	° 9.6	° 36.2	° 45.9	° 2.3	S.W., N.W., & W.	7.4	30	6.1	0.915
Dunino.....	29.744	° 38.6	° 59.0	° 16.0	° 12.4	° 32.3	° 43.0	° 2.4	S.W.	4.4	33	4.8	0.831
Arbroath.....	29.683	° 38.3	° 61.0	° 17.0	° 12.7	° 32.0	° 44.0	° 1.1	W., N.W., & S.W.	6.2	35	4.3	0.828

REVENUE.

Abstract of the Net Produce of the Revenue of Great Britain in the Years and Quarters ended 5th July, 1853 and 1854; showing the Increase or Decrease thereof.—(Continued from page 188.)

[Compiled from the "London Gazette."]

Sources of Revenue.	Years ended 5th July.			
	1853.	1854.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£
Customs.....	18,954,362	18,503,838	....	450,524
Excise	13,737,599	13,302,263	....	435,336
Stamps	6,477,347	6,525,423	48,076	....
Taxes	3,201,047	3,167,145	....	33,902
Property Tax	5,589,079	6,024,244	435,165	....
Post Office.....	1,066,000	1,232,000	166,000	....
Crown Lands.....	392,888	260,000	....	132,888
Miscellaneous	159,862	132,895	....	26,967
Total Ordinary Revenue	49,578,184	49,147,806	649,241	1,079,617
Imprest and other Moneys .	758,789	817,266	58,477	....
Repayments of Advances....	1,322,469	1,219,999	....	102,470
Total Income	51,659,442	51,185,073	707,718	1,182,087
Deduct Increase				707,718
Decrease on the Year				474,369

Sources of Revenue.	Quarters ended 5th July.			
	1853.	1854.	Increase.	Decrease.
	£	£	£	£
Customs	4,943,337	4,575,843	....	367,494
Excise	3,795,617	3,624,008	....	171,609
Stamps	1,675,148	1,705,633	30,485	....
Taxes	1,510,483	1,435,927	....	74,556
Property Tax	1,053,027	1,101,594	48,567	....
Post Office.....	251,000	379,000	128,000	....
Crown Lands.....	200,888	65,000	....	135,888
Miscellaneous	90,537	55,888	....	34,649
Total Ordinary Revenue	13,520,037	12,942,893	207,052	784,196
Imprest and other Moneys .	256,759	139,716	....	117,043
Repayments of Advances....	424,573	305,971	....	118,602
Total Income	14,201,369	13,388,580	207,052	1,019,841
Deduct Increase				207,052
Decrease on the Quarter				812,789

Consolidated Fund Operations.—The total income brought to this account in the quarter ended 5th July, 1854, was 13,920,330*l.* The total charge upon it was 7,755,799*l.*, leaving a surplus of 6,164,531*l.*

CORN.

Average Prices of Corn per Imperial Quarter in England and Wales, during each Week of the Second Quarter of 1854; together with the Monthly and Quarterly Average—(Continued from p. 189.)

[Communicated by the Comptroller of Corn Returns, H. F. JADIS, Esq.]

Weeks ended on a Saturday, 1854.		Weekly Average.					
		Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Peas.
		<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
April	1	75 0	37 8	26 10	53 1	44 3	45 7
"	8	73 5	36 2	26 11	48 9	44 3	43 1
"	15	78 3	36 10	27 6	44 0	45 7	42 8
"	22	79 11	37 5	27 6	48 5	47 0	44 0
"	29	79 5	37 3	28 9	63 0	46 7	43 6
Average for April		77 2	37 0½	27 6	51 5	45 6	43 9
May	6	79 9	37 0	28 8	47 4	47 10	44 9
"	13	78 9	37 1	29 5	52 1	48 9	46 9
"	20	78 2	37 2	29 4	48 6	49 3	47 2
"	27	78 9	37 1	29 11	53 11	49 4	44 7
Average for May		78 10	37 1	29 4	50 5	48 9	45 9½
June	3	79 11	36 9	29 10	48 7	48 6	46 10
"	10	78 9	37 1	30 8	49 3	49 3	47 6
"	17	78 3	37 3	29 5	48 11	49 10	46 6
"	24	77 11	37 1	30 6	52 2	50 3	48 10
Average for June		78 8	37 0	30 1	49 8½	49 6½	47 4
Average for the Quarter ..		78 4½	37 0	29 1½	50 2½	48 2	45 7½

Foreign and Colonial Wheat and Wheat-Flour imported in each of the Months ended 5th April, 5th May, and 5th June, 1854; the Quantities Entered for Home Consumption during the same Months; and the Quantities remaining in Warehouses at the close thereof.—(Continued from p. 189.)

[Compiled from the "London Gazette."]

WHEAT.

Months ended	Imported.			Quantities entered for Home Consumption.			In Bond at the Month's end.		
	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.
1854.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.	qrs.
5th April	567,220	..	567,220	567,220	..	567,220	..	..	..
5th May	474,291	1,820	476,111	..	..	..	..	..	..
5th June	611,911	82	611,993	..	..	..	..	..	..

WHEAT-FLOUR.

Months ended	Imported.			Quantities entered for Home Consumption.			In Bond at the Month's end.		
	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.
1854.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
5th April	600,264	28	600,292	600,264	28	600,292	..	..	..
5th May	512,700	2,073	514,773	..	..	..	..	..	..
5th June	373,686	76	373,762	..	..	..	..	..	..

Fluctuations in the Stock and Share Market during the Months of April, May, and June, 1854.—(Continued from p. 190.)

Stocks and Shares.	Amount of Share.			Amount Paid.			Price on the			Highest Price during the Months of			Lowest Price during the Months of		
	April.	May.	June.	April.	May.	June.	1st April.	2nd May.	1st June.	April.	May.	June.	April.	May.	June.
Consols .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	86½	87½	89½	89½	91½	94½	85½	87½	89½
Exchequer Bills .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	2s. Dis.	1s. 6d.	1s. 6d.	6s. Pm.	4s. Pm.	5s. Pm.	2s. Dis.	2s. Dis.	2s. Dis.
RAILWAYS—															
Brighton	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	94	98	103	99	108	107	94	97½	101
Caledonian	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	60½	53½	57	54	57½	65½	50½	52½	57
Eastern Counties	Stock	Stock	Stock	20	20	20	11½	12½	12½	12½	12½	13½	11½	11½	12½
Great Northern	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	85½	87	88½	87½	88½	92	84½	85	88½
Great Western	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	71½	73	75½	74½	76	80½	71½	71½	75½
London and North-Western	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	94	96½	97½	97½	99½	108	94	94½	98½
Midland	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	56½	58½	60½	60½	61½	68½	56½	56½	60½
Leicestershire and Yorkshire	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	59½	61	62	62	63½	68½	59½	59½	63½
North Staffordshire	20	20	20	17½	17½	17½	10½	10½	10½	11	13½	14	10½	10½	13½
South-Eastern	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	57½	59½	62½	60	63	66½	57½	58	63
South-Western	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	74	77	79	78½	79	85½	73½	76½	79
York, Newcastle, & Berwick	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	63½	65	67½	66	67½	75½	63½	64	67½
York and North Midland	Stock	Stock	Stock	100	100	100	4½	46	49	46½	49	57½	4½	44½	49
—															
Northern of France	20	20	20	16	16	16	98½	30	33½	30½	33½	35	28	29½	33½
East Indian	20	20	20	20	20	20	21	22	22	22½	22	22½	20½	21½	22

Average Price of Meat as sold in Smithfield Market in the Months of April, May, and June, 1854.—(Continued from p. 190.)

[Communicated by W. D. OSWALD, Esq., of the Board of Trade.]

Description.	April.			May.			June.			Description.	April.			May.			June.		
	April.	May.	June.	April.	May.	June.	April.	May.	June.		April.	May.	June.	April.	May.	June.	April.	May.	June.
Inferior Beasts	3 4	3 10	3 6	3 5	3 10	3 6	3 5	3 10	3 6	Coarse Calves	4 10	4 4	4 2	4 10	4 4	4 2	4 10	4 4	4 2
2nd class	3 8	4 2	4 0	4 4	4 8	4 0	4 4	4 8	4 0	Small Prime Calves	5 6	5 0	5 0	5 6	5 0	5 0	5 6	5 0	5 0
3rd class	4 0	4 6	4 4	4 8	4 8	4 4	4 8	4 8	4 4	Large Hogs	3 9	4 2	3 8	3 9	4 2	3 8	3 9	4 2	3 8
4th class (Scots)	4 6	5 0	4 8	5 0	5 0	4 8	5 0	5 0	4 8	Small Neat Forsters	4 6	4 10	4 8	4 6	4 10	4 8	4 6	4 10	4 8
Lambs	6 3	6 3	6 3	6 3	6 3	6 3	6 3	6 3	6 3										

N.B.—Price of Meat at the rate of 8 lbs. Avoirdupois to the stone, sinking the offal.

CURRENCY.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

An Account, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, c. 32, for each Week ended on a Saturday, for the Second Quarter of 1854.—(Continued from p. 191.)

[Compiled from the "London Gazette."]

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

Date.	Notes Issued.	Notes in hands of Public.	Government Debt.	Other Securities.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.
1854.	£	£	£	£	£	£
April 1	27,682,495	21,684,740	11,015,100	2,984,900	13,682,495	...
" 8	27,379,605	22,410,850	11,015,100	2,984,900	13,379,605	...
" 15	26,764,480	22,490,355	11,015,100	2,984,900	12,768,480	...
" 22	26,562,010	22,270,195	11,015,100	2,984,900	12,562,010	...
" 29	26,188,460	22,247,320	11,015,100	2,984,900	12,188,460	...
May 6	25,874,730	21,974,300	11,015,100	2,984,900	11,874,730	...
" 13	25,657,270	21,143,990	11,015,100	2,984,900	11,857,270	...
" 20	25,779,095	20,679,065	11,015,100	2,984,900	11,779,095	...
" 27	26,012,250	20,459,540	11,015,100	2,984,900	12,012,250	...
June 3	26,006,875	20,540,330	11,015,100	2,984,900	12,006,875	...
" 10	25,981,750	20,314,105	11,015,100	2,984,900	11,981,750	...
" 17	26,373,255	19,700,575	11,015,100	2,984,900	12,373,255	...
" 24	27,132,635	19,614,235	11,015,100	2,984,900	13,132,635	...

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

Date.	Proprietors' Capital.	Rest.	Public Deposits.	Other Deposits.	Seven Day and other Bills.	Total Dr.
1854.	£	£	£	£	£	£
April 1	14,553,000	3,757,576	4,445,788	11,037,153	1,102,303	34,895,820
" 8	14,553,000	3,154,657	2,683,754	13,819,988	1,177,753	35,389,152
" 15	14,553,000	3,160,726	1,765,364	12,795,201	1,196,079	33,470,370
" 22	14,553,000	3,166,453	1,767,723	12,053,525	1,189,099	32,729,800
" 29	14,553,000	3,172,183	2,018,493	11,316,805	1,126,996	32,187,477
May 6	14,553,000	3,204,862	2,338,822	10,688,531	1,164,631	31,949,846
" 13	14,553,000	3,214,897	2,748,437	10,587,010	1,111,563	32,214,907
" 20	14,553,000	3,225,731	2,671,551	10,146,428	1,069,784	31,666,494
" 27	14,553,000	3,227,045	2,489,944	10,283,180	1,026,415	31,579,584
June 3	14,553,000	3,180,665	2,557,654	10,212,244	1,057,090	31,560,653
" 10	14,553,000	3,187,682	2,993,668	10,483,130	1,020,893	32,238,373
" 17	14,553,000	3,194,253	3,212,382	10,513,491	1,030,412	32,503,538
" 24	14,553,000	3,202,523	4,852,805	10,114,883	968,286	33,690,997

Date.	Government Securities.	Other Securities.	Notes.	Gold and Silver Coin.	Total Cr.
1854.	£	£	£	£	£
April 1	11,607,616	16,522,726	5,998,255	767,223	34,895,820
" 8	13,939,132	15,720,271	4,968,755	760,994	35,389,152
" 15	13,686,596	14,763,256	4,278,125	742,393	33,470,370
" 22	13,349,067	14,336,835	4,291,815	752,083	32,729,800
" 29	13,080,679	14,438,192	3,941,140	727,466	32,187,477
May 6	12,566,607	14,749,460	3,900,430	733,349	31,949,846
" 13	11,623,492	15,144,039	4,713,280	732,096	32,214,907
" 20	10,406,309	15,425,281	5,100,030	734,874	31,666,494
" 27	9,856,309	15,441,966	5,562,710	728,599	31,579,584
June 3	9,856,309	15,494,525	5,466,545	743,274	31,560,653
" 10	10,024,481	15,799,944	5,667,645	746,303	32,238,373
" 17	9,720,499	15,374,237	6,672,680	736,122	32,503,538
" 24	9,851,250	15,584,007	7,518,400	737,340	33,690,997

CURRENCY.—Continued.

COUNTRY BANKS.

Average amount of Promissory Notes in Circulation in England and Wales in each week, ended on a Saturday, for the Second Quarter of 1854.—(Continued from page 192.)

[Compiled from the "London Gazette."]

ENGLAND AND WALES.			
Date.	Private Banks.	Joint Stock Banks.	Total.
1854.	£	£	£
Mar. 25.....	3,817,983	3,137,564	6,955,547
April 1.....	3,875,154	3,180,756	7,055,910
" 8.....	3,953,648	3,169,847	7,123,495
" 15.....	3,971,010	3,124,448	7,095,458
" 22.....	3,978,178	3,151,025	7,129,203
" 29.....	3,969,211	3,147,220	7,116,431
May 6.....	3,946,339	3,127,684	7,074,023
" 13.....	3,906,376	3,114,822	7,021,198
" 20.....	3,837,630	3,106,936	6,944,566
" 27.....	3,765,817	3,030,183	6,796,000
June 3.....	3,737,009	2,993,741	6,730,750
" 10.....	3,700,026	2,962,017	6,662,043
" 17.....	3,637,526	2,952,017	6,589,543
" 24.....	3,615,350	2,933,274	6,548,624

Fixed Issues—Private Banks, £4,607,455 ; Joint Stock Banks, £3,325,857.

Average amount of Promissory Notes in Circulation in Scotland and Ireland during the Months ended the 15th of April, the 13th of May, and the 10th of June, 1854.—(Continued from page 192.)

SCOTLAND.			
Date.	£5 and above.	Under £5.	Total.
1854.	£	£	£
April 15.....	1,314,003	2,520,091	3,834,094
May 13.....	1,398,615	2,568,986	3,967,601
June 10.....	1,530,290	2,788,804	4,319,094

IRELAND.			
Date.	£5 and above.	Under £5.	Total.
1854.	£	£	£
April 15.....	2,875,933	3,765,476	6,641,409
May 13.....	3,028,100	3,557,420	6,585,520
June 10.....	2,884,722	3,295,563	6,180,285

Fixed Issues—Scotland, £3,087,209 ; Ireland, £6,354,494.